

SENIOR PHASE

GRADE 9

NOVEMBER 2014

TECHNOLOGY MEMORANDUM

MARKS: 120

This memorandum consists of 9 pages.

SECTION A: MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

QUESTION 1

В√ 1.1 (1) В√ 1.2 (1) 1.3 C √ (1) В√ 1.4 (1) В√ (1) 1.5 В√ (1) 1.6 A√ 1.7 (1) C√ 1.8 (1) 1.9 D√ (1) 1.10 C √ (1)

TOTAL SECTION A: 10

SECTION B: STRUCTURES

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•	_	-		,,,	-

2.1	A B C D	Tension $$ Bending $$ Torsion $$ Shearing $$	(1) (1) (1) (1)
2.2	2.2.1	Frame structure√	(1)
	2.2.2	Grass and flexible poles $\sqrt{}$	(1)
	2.2.3	Natural materials are environmentally friendly (do not cause harm to the environment). $\ensuremath{}$	(1)
	2.2.4	Flexible poles were set in a circle then bent over and fastened towards the center. $\sqrt{\downarrow}$	(2)
	2.2.5	The grass serves as an insulator and water proofing. $\sqrt{\ }$	
		OR	
		The grass keeps the dwellings warm in winter and cool in summer. $$ (Any ONE of the above or any other acceptable answer.)	(1)
2.3	EVEN	LOADS	
		hen a load is placed in such a way that it is balanced/in the centre of e base on which it stands. \checkmark	(1)
	UNEVI	EN LOAD	
		hen a load is placed in such a way that it is not balanced/placed off ntre on the base on which it stands. $\sqrt{}$	(1)
		TOTAL SECTION B:	12

SECTION C: DESIGN AND GRAPHIC COMMUNICATION

QUESTION 3

3.1	Check the ability of the learner to create a design brief (the sentence should start with: Design and make) $\sqrt{}$			(1)	
	_	sign and make a that is out of rea		ainer to keep money safe and can be placed in others.	
3.2	3.2.1	Material:	(a) (b)	What type of material should be used? $$ Is the material readily available? $$	(1) (1)
	3.2.2	Cost:	(a) (b)	How much money is needed? $$ How much should the final device cost? $$	(1) (1)
	3.2.3	Function:	(a) (b)	What is the purpose of the device? $$ How should the device be used? $$	(1) (1)
	3.2.4	Ergonomics:	(a) (b)	How functional for the user is it? $$ What age group should use the device? $$	(1) (1)
		y other reasonal be considered by		nd valid answer given on the above aspects marker.	
3.3		_		er to develop specifications. Give ONE mark for tions given under the following aspects:	(1)
	3.3.1	People √ e.g. to	be u	sed by school children.	(1)
	3.3.2	Purpose √ e.g. a keeping.	a con	tainer in which money is secured for safe	(1)
	3.3.3	Appearance √ e appropriate for s		hould look aesthetically pleasing and ol children.	(1)
	3.3.4	Ergonomics √ e hands to operat	_	hould be an appropriate size for children's	(1)
	3.3.5	Safety $\sqrt{\mbox{e.g.}}$ should be safe for children to open and close.			
	3.3.6	Cost $$ e.g. the cost should not be excessive. (
	3.3.7	Impact $\sqrt{\rm e.g.}$ should be made of natural materials so that it is environmentally friendly. (

3.4 RUBRIC FOR DESIGN SKILLS

Skills	Description	Marks Allocated
Initial idea	It is evident from the sketch	1 mark for each sketch = (3)
sketches	that it is a solution to the	
	problem identified.	
(Maximum =	The view is complete and	1 mark for each sketch = (3)
8 marks for	neatly drawn	
the entire		
question)		
	A clear reason explaining	
	why one of the initial	2 marks
	ideas is chosen.	
	The reason is there but	1 mark
	not clear of why one of	
	the initial ideas was	
	chosen.	

3.5 Check the ability of the learner to formulate THREE questions against the list of specifications to evaluate the final solution: Evaluate and design.

e.g.

- Was a suitable material used?
- Is the product well-constructed?
- Is the product functional?
- Is it safe for children to open and close?
- Is it cost affordable?
- Is the size appropriate for children's hands to operate and open?

(3)

Does it look aesthetically pleasing?

1 mark for each question developed (Maximum of 3 marks).

3.6 ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Skill		Description	Marks Allocated
Isometric projection (maximum marks = 6)	(a)	The features of the sketch are those of an isometric projection, e.g. angles at 30°, any hidden detail shown?(if necessary)	3 marks
,			
	(b)	Lines are constructed effectively, e.g. hard, soft, broken lines, etc.	2 marks
	(c)	Neatness	1 marks

3.7 The learner must be able to draw at least FIVE steps (on sequence of operations) that he/she will follow to make the solution. NB. The teacher must check for logical sequence of steps to be followed and allocate 1 MARK for each step. Diagnostic

e.g.

3.8

No.	Оре	eration			
1.	Col	lecting materials			
2.	Mea	asuring			
3.	Cut	ting/sawing etc.			
4.	Joir	ning/applying glue			
5.	App	oly finish		((5)
3.8.1	2 – 3	Front view √ Side view or Left vie Top view √	w √		(1) (1) (1)
3.8.2	(a)	Show symmetry		((1)
	(b)	Outlines		((1)
	(c)	Hidden detail line	by means of broken line	s ((1)
	(d)	Construction lines		((1)

TOTAL SECTION C: 46

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SECTION D: SYSTEMS AND CONTROL (MECHANICAL)

QUESTION 4

4.1 Mechanical advantage = $\frac{\text{load}}{\text{effort}} \sqrt{\text{(ONE mark for formula)}}$ = $\frac{600 \text{ N}}{150 \text{ N}} \sqrt{}$ = $4 \sqrt{}$ (3)

- 4.2 Disc brakes are used to stop a moving vehicle more effectively. $\sqrt{}$ (1)
- 4.3 Rim brakes are cheap. $\sqrt{}$
 - They are easy to maintain. $\sqrt{}$ (2)
- 4.4 4.4.1 A Pawl $\sqrt{}$ (1) B Ratchet $\sqrt{}$
 - C Crank handle $\sqrt{}$ (1)
 - 4.4.2 To turn the ratchet axle. $\sqrt{}$
 - 4.4.3 Car seat belts, mechanical jack, turnstiles in shops, a winch in a water well, etc. √
 (1 mark for a correct answer)
- 4.5 4.5.1 Gear B. $\sqrt{}$ (1)
 - 4.5.2 Gear A is the one that is connected to a motor so it has to be the first one to move $\sqrt{}$ (1)
 - 4.5.3 Anticlockwise $\sqrt{}$
 - 4.5.4 Velocity ratio= $\frac{\text{No. of teeth on driven gear}}{\text{No. of teeth on driver gear}}$ $= \frac{20}{40} \sqrt{}$ $= 1: 2 \sqrt{}$ (2)

4.6	INPUT	PROCESS	OUTPUT	
	Person pushes and pulls the handle of the jack up and down. √	The hydraulic fluid is forced past the one way valve and moves the output piston. √	The jack lifts the car or the load. $\sqrt{}$	(3)

- 4.7 4.7.1 Cleat Boats, blinds, mountain climbing equipment, flag pole. √ (1)
 - 4.7.2 One-way valve Hydraulic jack, taps, pneumatic safety valves. √ (1)

TOTAL SECTION C: 21

SECTION E: SYSTEMS AND CONTROL (ELECTRICAL)

QUESTION 5

5.1	A – Ba B – Sv C – Re D – Ca E – Tra F – Lig	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	
5.2	$= \frac{\vee}{1} \checkmark$ $= \frac{12}{3} \checkmark$ $= 4 \Omega$		
	$=4\Omega$	N .	(3)
5.3	5.3.1	thermistor – process $\sqrt{}$	(1)
	5.3.2	LED – output $\sqrt{}$	(1)
	5.3.3	Photovoltaic panel/cell – input $\sqrt{}$	(1)
5.4	5.4.1	Transistor √	(1)
	5.4.2	They can be used as switches. $\sqrt{}$	(1)
	5.4.3	e – Emitter √ b – Base √ c – Collector √	(3)
5.5	5.5.1	Yellow in the 1 st band = 4 $\sqrt{}$ Violet in the 2nd band = 7 $\sqrt{}$ Brown in the 3rd band = 0 $\sqrt{}$ = 470 Ω	(2)
		= 47 U SZ	(3)
	5.5.2	Accuracy/Tolerance rating = 10% √	(1) [21]

QUESTION 6: PROCESSING

6.1	6.1.1	Drying (Beans, maize, a variety of fruits and vegetables, meat etc.) $\sqrt{}$	440
	6.1.2	Pickling (Fish and vegetables such as onions, gherkins etc.). $\sqrt{}$	(1)
	6.1.3	Salting (Meat and vegetables) $\sqrt{}$	(1)
6.2	6.2.1	Polyvinyl chloride $\sqrt{}$	(1)
	6.2.2	 Plastics can be moulded into many different shapes. Plastics are flexible. Plastics can stretch. Plastic is durable and degrades slowly. Can be transparent – or coloured. Can be heat resistant. Plastics are waterproof. √√ (2 x 1) 	(2)
6.1	6.3.1	Recycle √	(1)
	6.3.2	Reuse √	(1)
	6.3.3	Reduce √	(1)
6.4	Galvan	ising $\sqrt{}$	(1) [10]

TOTAL SECTION E: 31
GRAND TOTAL: 120