## GAUTENG PROVINCE



TIME: 1122 hours
MARKS: 80
6 pages

## SECTION A

## QUESTION 1

### 1.1 1.1.1 B $\checkmark$

1.1.2 $C \checkmark$
1.1.3 C $\checkmark$
1.1.4 A $\checkmark$
1.1.5 C $\checkmark$
1.1.6 B $\checkmark$
1.1.7 B $\checkmark$
1.1.8 C $\checkmark$
1.1.9 B $\checkmark$
1.1.10 D $\checkmark$
1.2 1.2.1 E $\checkmark$
1.2.2 B $\checkmark$
1.2.3 G $\checkmark$
1.2.4 C $\checkmark$
1.2.5 A $\checkmark$
1.3 1.3.1 Ore $\checkmark$
1.3.2 Hydrosphere $\checkmark$
1.3.3 Brown $\checkmark$
1.3.4 Transformer $\checkmark$
1.3.5 Mantle $\checkmark$

## SECTION B

## QUESTION 2

2.1 2.1.1 Contact force $\checkmark$
2.1.2 The stationary carton box moves in the direction of the force. $\checkmark$ / The
force changes the movement of the object. $\checkmark$
2.1.3 Friction $\checkmark /$ Frictional force $\checkmark$
2.1.4 The box will not move. $\checkmark /$ Nothing will happen.

### 2.2 2.2.1 Positive $\checkmark /+\checkmark$

2.2.2 Charge $A$ is postive $\checkmark$ and like (same) charges repel each other.

## QUESTION 3

3.1 3.1.1 The light bulb will light up. $\checkmark$
3.1.2 The light bulb will not light up. $\checkmark /$ Nothing is observed $\checkmark /$ Nothing will happen.
3.1.3 Circuit B does not have a cell / battery /source of energy.
3.2 3.2.1 Length of the conductor.
3.2.2 Strength of current.

### 3.2.3


3.2.4 As the length of the conductor increases, the strength of the current will decrease.

## OR

As the length of the conductor decreases, the strength of the current will increase.

## OR

The length of the conductor is inversely proportional to the strength of the current.
(Any other suitable conclusion where both variables are named.)

## QUESTION 4

4.1 $2 \mathrm{~A} \checkmark$ The current in a series circuit is the same everywhere.
4.2

$$
\begin{align*}
& \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}}=\mathrm{V}_{1}+\mathrm{V}_{2}+\mathrm{V}_{3} \\
& 4=1+\mathrm{V}_{2}+1 \checkmark \\
& \mathrm{~V}_{2}=2 \mathrm{~V} \checkmark \tag{2}
\end{align*}
$$

### 4.3 4.3.1 Increase $\checkmark$

4.3.2 Increase $\checkmark$

## QUESTION 5

5.1 D; B; A; C $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ (ONLY: full marks or 0 )

### 5.2 5.2.1 Television $\checkmark$

5.2.2 Toaster: Cost $=$ power rating $x$ number of hours $x$ unit price $=0,7 \checkmark \times 0,05 \checkmark \times 1,85 \checkmark$
$=$ R 0,06
$\begin{aligned} \text { Beater: Cost } & =\text { power rating } \times \text { number of hours } x \text { unit price } \\ & =0,175 \checkmark \times 0,5 \checkmark \times 1,85 \\ & =R 0,16 \\ \text { Total cost } & =0,006 \checkmark+0,16 \checkmark \\ & =R 0,22(\mathrm{OF} 22 \mathrm{c}) \checkmark\end{aligned}$

## QUESTION 6

6.1 Hydrosphere $\checkmark$
6.2 Nitrogen $\checkmark$
6.3 Organisms / plants in sphere B will absorb the water from sphere $C$ through
their roots $\checkmark$ in order to survive / grow. $\checkmark$

## QUESTION 7

7.1 Metamorphic rocks $\checkmark$
7.2 7.2.1 Melting $\checkmark$ of metamorphic rocks.
7.2.2 Cooling $\checkmark$ of magma.
7.2.3 Weathering / Erosion and transport $\checkmark$ of igneous rocks.
7.3 7.3.1 Granite $\checkmark /$ Pumice $\checkmark /$ Basalt $\checkmark$ (Any ONE)
7.3.2 Limestone $\checkmark /$ Sandstone $\checkmark /$ Shale $\checkmark$ (Any ONE)

## QUESTION 8

8.1 Diamonds $\checkmark /$ Gold $\checkmark /$ Iron $\checkmark /$ Platinum $\checkmark /$ Coal $\checkmark$ (Any ONE)

## 8.2 chemical $\checkmark$

8.3 Iron is mixed with coke $\checkmark$ and other metals $\checkmark$ to produce steel.
8.4 • Emerging of mine dumps

- Mine dumps that are not rehabilitated.
- Pollution $\checkmark$
- Damage to places with tourism- or cultural value $\checkmark$
- Loss of farming- and natural environments $\checkmark$
(Any TWO disadvantages)
8.5 Northern part $\checkmark /$ North Eastern part $\checkmark$


## QUESTION 9

9.1 A - Troposphere $\checkmark$
B - Stratosphere $\checkmark$
C - Mesosphere $\checkmark$
D - Thermosphere $\checkmark$
9.2 Decrease $\checkmark$
9.3 A
$9.4 B \checkmark$

