

WLHHS + MLI - GR.10

Education

KwaZulu-Natal Department of Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA



MATHEMATICS
MARCH 2017
MEMORANDUM

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 10

MARKS : 50

TIME : 1hour

This memorandum consists of 5 pages.

QUESTION 1

1.1	$(a+3)(a^2-3a+9)$ $= a^3 + 27$	✓ answer	(2)
1.2	$\frac{x^3 - 8y^3}{x^2 - 4y^2} \times \frac{x^2 + 4xy + 4y^2}{x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2}$ $= \frac{(x-2y)(x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2)}{(x+2y)(x-2y)} \times \frac{(x+2y)(x+2y)}{(x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2)}$ $= x+2y$	✓ $(x-2y)(x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2)$ ✓ $(x+2y)(x-2y)$ ✓ $(x+2y)(x+2y)$	(4)
1.3	$16p^2 - 25q^2 - 4p + 5q$ $= (4p+5q)(4p-5q) - (4p-5q)$ $= (4p-5q)(4p+5q-1)$	✓ answer ✓ $(4p+5q)(4p-5q)$ ✓ $-(4p-5q)$ ✓ answer	(3)
1.4	$-\sqrt{16} < -\sqrt{13} < -\sqrt{9}$ $\Rightarrow -4 < -\sqrt{13} < -3$	✓ answer	(2)
			111

QUESTION 2

2.1.1	$2x^2 - x - 3 = 0$ $(2x-3)(x+1) = 0$ $x = \frac{3}{2}$ or $x = -1$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ factorise ✓ both answers 	(2)
2.1.2	$(x+2)(x-3) = x(x+1)$ $x^2 - x - 6 = x^2 + x - 2x - 6$ $x = -3$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ multiply out brackets ✓ simplification ✓ $x = -3$ 	(3)
2.1.3	$\frac{x-p}{x-q} = \frac{q}{p}$ $p(x-p) = q(x-q)$ $xp - p^2 = xq - q^2$ $xp - xq = p^2 - q^2$ $x(p-q) = (p+q)(p-q)$ $x = \frac{(p+q)(p-q)}{(p-q)}$ $x = p+q$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ simplification ✓ rearranging terms ✓ factorising ✓ answer 	(4)
2.2	$5 \leq 2x - 11$ $-2x \leq -16$ $x \geq 8$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ rearranging terms ✓ answer 	(2)
2.3.1	$-3 \leq x < 2$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $-3 \leq x$ ✓ $x < 2$ 	(2)
2.3.2	1	✓ answer	(1)
			[14]

QUESTION 3

3.1.1	$2017^0 + \left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^{-2}$ $= 1 + (7^{-1})^{-2}$ $= 1 + 7^2$ $= 1 + 49$ $= 50$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 1 ✓ 7^2 ✓ answer 	(3)
3.1.2	$\frac{3^{2m} - 2 \cdot 9^m}{9^{m+1}}$ $= \frac{3^{2m} - 2 \cdot 3^{2m}}{3^{2m+2}}$ $= \frac{3^{2m}(1-2)}{3^{2m} \cdot 9}$ $= \frac{-1}{9}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ prime bases ✓ removing common factor ✓ rewriting as product ✓ answer 	(4)
3.2.1	$2^{x+1} = 16$ $2^{x+1} = 2^4$ $x+1 = 4$ $x = 3$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $16 = 2^4$ ✓ answer 	(2)
			[9]

QUESTION 4

4.1	$4; 7; 10; \dots$	✓ answer	(1)
4.2	Figure 4: 13 Figure 5: 16	✓ 13 ✓ 16	(2)
4.3	$7n = 3n + 1$	✓✓ answer	(2)
4.4	$T_{20} = 3(20) + 1$ $T_{30} = 61$	✓ substitution ✓ answer	(2)
4.5	$3n + 1 = 550$ $n = 183$	✓ substitution ✓ answer	(2)
			[9]

QUESTION 5

5.1	$4x - 5y = 14x - 20$ $-5y = 10x - 20$ $y = -2x + 4$ $5x + y = 9 - 2y$ $5x + 3y = 9$ $5x + 3(-2x + 4) = 9$ $5x - 6x + 12 = 9$ $-x = -3$ $x = 3$ $y = -2(3) + 4$ $y = -2$	✓ equating sides ✓ simplification ✓ equation ✓ solving simultaneous equations ✓ answer for x and y	(5)
5.2	Length = $14(3) - 20 = 22$ OR Length = $4(3) - 5(-2) = 22$ Breadth = $9 - 2(-2) = 13$ OR Breadth = $5(3) - 2 = 13$ Area = $22 \times 13 = 286$	✓ calculating length and breadth ✓ answer	(2)
			[7]

TOTAL MARKS: [50]

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12
13
14
15